

ARIZONA  
NEW MEXICO

OKLAHOMA

ARKANSAS

TENNESSEE

NORTH CAROLINA

SOUTH CAROLINA

DP03

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2005-2009

2005-2009 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

**Geography: Bernalillo town, New Mexico**

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	5,711	+/-254	5,711	(X)
In labor force	3,824	+/-275	67.0%	+/-3.8
Civilian labor force	3,772	+/-274	66.0%	+/-3.7
Employed	3,493	+/-287	61.2%	+/-4.3
Unemployed	279	+/-98	4.9%	+/-1.7
Armed Forces	52	+/-62	0.9%	+/-1.1
Not in labor force	1,887	+/-233	33.0%	+/-3.8
Civilian labor force	3,772	+/-274	3,772	(X)
Percent Unemployed	7.4%	+/-2.7	(X)	(X)
Females 16 years and over	3,025	+/-215	3,025	(X)
In labor force	1,871	+/-189	61.9%	+/-4.7
Civilian labor force	1,855	+/-190	61.3%	+/-4.7
Employed	1,697	+/-189	56.1%	+/-5.1
Own children under 6 years	771	+/-130	771	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	495	+/-107	64.2%	+/-11.2
Own children 6 to 17 years	1,566	+/-245	1,566	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	1,219	+/-265	77.8%	+/-9.5
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	3,436	+/-278	3,436	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	2,513	+/-260	73.1%	+/-5.3
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	562	+/-170	16.4%	+/-4.5
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	55	+/-46	1.6%	+/-1.4
Walked	96	+/-65	2.8%	+/-1.9
Other means	59	+/-38	1.7%	+/-1.1
Worked at home	151	+/-82	4.4%	+/-2.4
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	20.5	+/-1.4	(X)	(X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	3,493	+/-287	3,493	(X)
Management, professional, and related occupations	842	+/-171	24.1%	+/-5.0
Service occupations	644	+/-130	18.4%	+/-3.8
Sales and office occupations	948	+/-220	27.1%	+/-6.3
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	15	+/-12	0.4%	+/-0.3
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	580	+/-215	16.6%	+/-5.6
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	464	+/-204	13.3%	+/-5.4
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	3,493	+/-287	3,493	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	53	+/-47	1.5%	+/-1.3
Construction	578	+/-212	16.5%	+/-5.5
Manufacturing	351	+/-152	10.0%	+/-4.0

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Wholesale trade	141	+/-87	4.0%	+/-2.5
Retail trade	372	+/-116	10.6%	+/-3.2
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	136	+/-69	3.9%	+/-2.0
Information	64	+/-49	1.8%	+/-1.4
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	143	+/-59	4.1%	+/-1.6
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	224	+/-91	6.4%	+/-2.7
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	645	+/-126	18.5%	+/-3.8
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	444	+/-157	12.7%	+/-4.2
Other services, except public administration	91	+/-35	2.6%	+/-1.1
Public administration	251	+/-90	7.2%	+/-2.7
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	3,493	+/-287	3,493	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	2,589	+/-325	74.1%	+/-5.2
Government workers	698	+/-155	20.0%	+/-4.8
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	203	+/-85	5.8%	+/-2.3
Unpaid family workers	3	+/-4	0.1%	+/-0.1
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	2,847	+/-200	2,847	(X)
Less than \$10,000	336	+/-102	11.8%	+/-3.4
\$10,000 to \$14,999	294	+/-103	10.3%	+/-3.5
\$15,000 to \$24,999	379	+/-93	13.3%	+/-3.1
\$25,000 to \$34,999	244	+/-82	8.6%	+/-2.7
\$35,000 to \$49,999	435	+/-114	15.3%	+/-3.8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	510	+/-119	17.9%	+/-4.5
\$75,000 to \$99,999	262	+/-98	9.2%	+/-3.4
\$100,000 to \$149,999	282	+/-120	9.9%	+/-3.9
\$150,000 to \$199,999	105	+/-65	3.7%	+/-2.4
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-127	0.0%	+/-1.3
Median household income (dollars)	40,746	+/-5,785	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	50,309	+/-3,885	(X)	(X)
With earnings	2,259	+/-180	79.3%	+/-4.3
Mean earnings (dollars)	50,471	+/-3,849	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	656	+/-123	23.0%	+/-4.2
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	12,450	+/-1,198	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	510	+/-119	17.9%	+/-3.8
Mean retirement income (dollars)	25,311	+/-7,036	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	151	+/-52	5.3%	+/-1.8
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	6,287	+/-913	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	79	+/-29	2.8%	+/-1.0
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,101	+/-1,973	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	480	+/-117	16.9%	+/-4.0
Families	1,901	+/-138	1,901	(X)
Less than \$10,000	228	+/-79	12.0%	+/-4.0
\$10,000 to \$14,999	81	+/-55	4.3%	+/-2.8
\$15,000 to \$24,999	252	+/-80	13.3%	+/-4.1
\$25,000 to \$34,999	140	+/-48	7.4%	+/-2.5
\$35,000 to \$49,999	305	+/-71	16.0%	+/-3.6
\$50,000 to \$74,999	338	+/-86	17.8%	+/-4.9
\$75,000 to \$99,999	285	+/-84	15.0%	+/-4.3
\$100,000 to \$149,999	235	+/-102	12.4%	+/-5.1
\$150,000 to \$199,999	37	+/-24	1.9%	+/-1.3
\$200,000 or more	0	+/-127	0.0%	+/-2.0
Median family income (dollars)	46,004	+/-6,103	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	53,940	+/-4,517	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	18,306	+/-1,590	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	946	+/-180	946	(X)

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
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Median nonfamily income (dollars)	22,417	+/-6,814	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	34,824	+/-8,825	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	23,046	+/-3,546	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	31,264	+/-5,572	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	31,144	+/-5,962	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With private health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
With public health coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
No health insurance coverage	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	21.1%	+/-5.5	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	29.7%	+/-8.0	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	18.5%	+/-10.3	(X)	(X)
Married couple families	9.3%	+/-5.4	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	13.3%	+/-10.1	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	9.3%	+/-12.0	(X)	(X)
Families with female householder, no husband present	41.6%	+/-10.9	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	49.8%	+/-12.1	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	27.0%	+/-20.3	(X)	(X)
All people	22.3%	+/-5.1	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	35.4%	+/-9.8	(X)	(X)
Related children under 18 years	34.1%	+/-10.2	(X)	(X)
Related children under 5 years	41.0%	+/-13.1	(X)	(X)
Related children 5 to 17 years	31.2%	+/-10.4	(X)	(X)
18 years and over	16.3%	+/-3.6	(X)	(X)
18 to 64 years	14.8%	+/-3.9	(X)	(X)
65 years and over	26.0%	+/-8.5	(X)	(X)
People in families	22.0%	+/-6.3	(X)	(X)
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	23.3%	+/-7.7	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2005-2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

Â-Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Â-Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Â-Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.

Â-Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2002 and 2007. The 2005, 2006 and 2007 ACS data are coded using NAICS 2002 while the 2008 and 2009 ACS data use NAICS 2007 codes. Categories that differ between 2002 and 2007 NAICS are aggregated so that the 5 years of data are consistent in display and reflect the NAICS 2007 codes. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Â-Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.

Â-Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 -- please see [http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage\\_edits\\_final.pdf](http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf) for more details.

Â-While the 2005-2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Â- Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.